#### Enabling Technology as Applied to Pricing Pilots for California

#### Demand Response Enabling Technology Development Workshop

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June 4, 2003

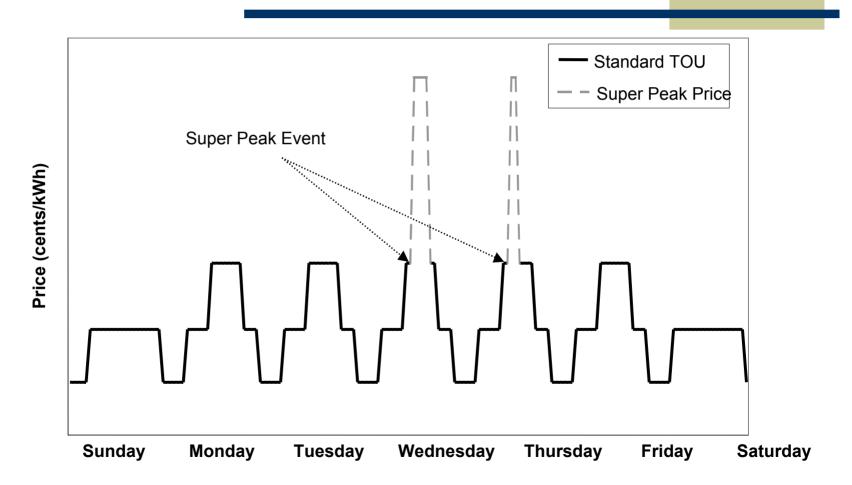
#### Statewide Pricing Pilot (SPP)

- Statewide pilot test of dynamic pricing for residential and small commercial customers in California (n = 2,500)
- Customer will be placed on time of use pricing and will receive "super peak" price signals on a day-ahead or day-of notice
- Scheduled for summer 2003 through spring of 2004 (12 – 18 months)

#### New SPP Dynamic Rates

- Time of Use (Shift and Save) for both residential and commercial (simple hi/lo differential pricing, from 1.7 to 3.6)
- CPP F or V (Super Peak) time of use base with an event driven peak price, 15 days or less a year (peak price 5 x on-peak rate)
- Multiple rate versions to develop elasticities

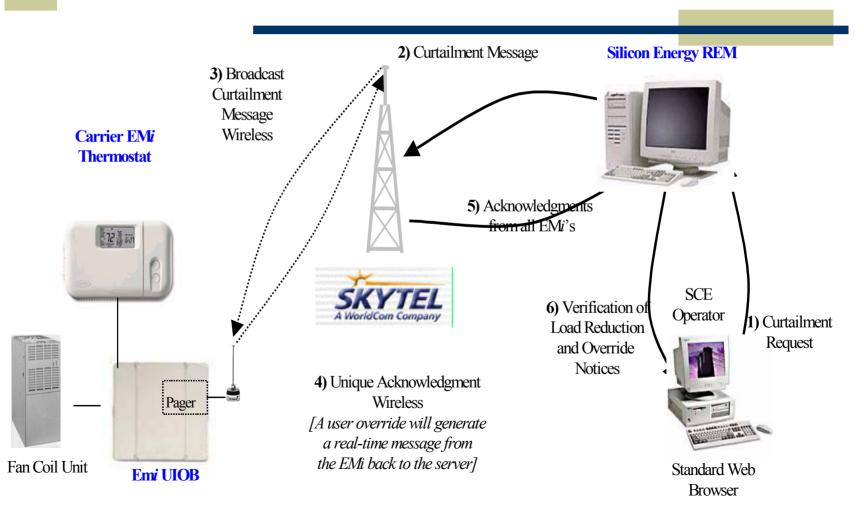
#### New Super Peak Rates



# Enabling Technology Concept

- During Super Peak, customers are motivated to shift or avoid usage by being charged higher retail price for electrical energy
- Enabling technologies allow customers to automatically facilitate price-response, in addition to manual behavioral changes
- Smart Thermostat technology borrowed from AB970 pilot (SCE and SDG&E)

# Two-Way Smart Thermostat



## SPP-ACT Project Background

- SPP requires IOUs to offer some Super Peak customers a choice of enabling technologies, based on inventory of appliances (end uses)
- Basic enabling technology predefined (Smart Thermostats) but IOUs must present plan for additional control technology (ACT)
- ACT filing was made April 14, 2003

### SPP Multi-Track ACT Approach

- One category of residential and commercial customers (Track A) would receive new Super Peak rate and an offer of enabling technology (Smart Thermostat, or pool pump and/or water heater control)
- Second category (Track C) would recruit from AB970 pilot and offer Super Peak rate, utilizing existing Smart Thermostats

# **Residential ACT Solution**

- SDG&E proposed to use Carrier Smart Thermostat for new customers, and to offer Cannon pager-controlled switch for pools pumps and electric water heaters
- This enables customers with no AC (common in San Diego) low-cost enabling technology for other major appliances

### SDG&E expected ACT response

Number of Customers	Comments
125	Total Customers on CPP-V, Track A (residential)
13	~10% of customers expected to choose 'none'
60	~50% of those remaining expected to choose Smart Thermostat
26 / 26	~20% of those remaining expected to choose pool pump / electric water heater switch

# **Commercial ACT Solution**

- SCE proposed to utilize Carrier Smart Thermostat with Super Peak indicating light
- Decision gave SCE six months to develop ACT solution for other end uses
- SCE plan will utilize existing Carrier system to control other loads, and develop stand along control for non-HVAC sites

## SCE Track A Sample Design

< 20 kW Super Peak 58 service accounts > 20 kW Super Peak 80 service accounts

- Commercial only
- Inland areas
- Enabling technology optional



# Distribution of Commercial Buildings within SCE\*

- Retail
- Restaurant
- Sm. Office
- School
- Misc.

- 26% ◆ Large Office 1.3%
- 6.3% Lodging 3.1%
- 17% Warehouse 4.7%
- 13.1% Health 1.4%
  - Grocery 1.6%

\* SCE 1997 Commercial End Use Survey

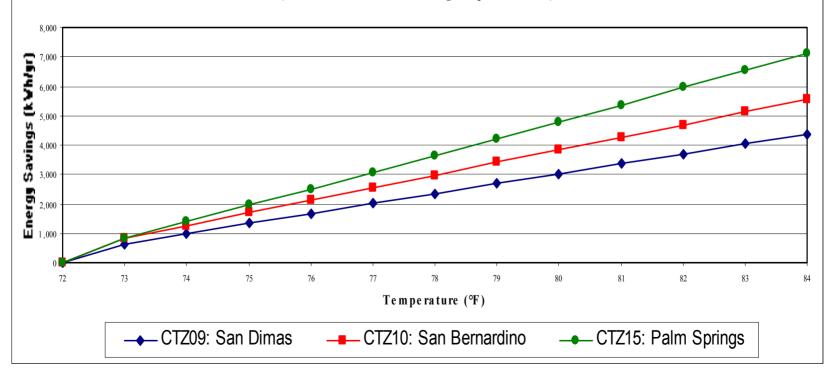
Smart Thermostat a Proven Enabling Technology

- Energy savings and demand reduction based on the remote adjustment of the AC set point (from 2 – 6 degrees higher)
- Depending on AC unit loading, savings and load reduction vary per customer
- Other factors include building envelop, space utilization, and external temperatures

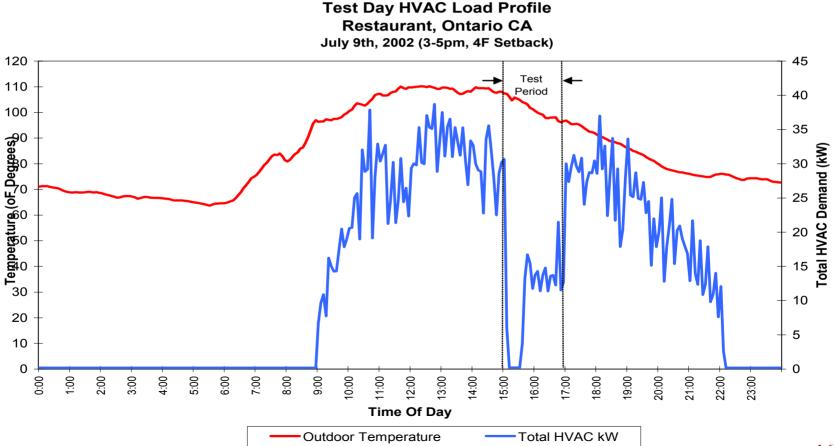
#### HVAC setpoint/savings ratio



(10 tons, EER = 8.9, Cooling Setpoint =  $72^{\circ}$ F)

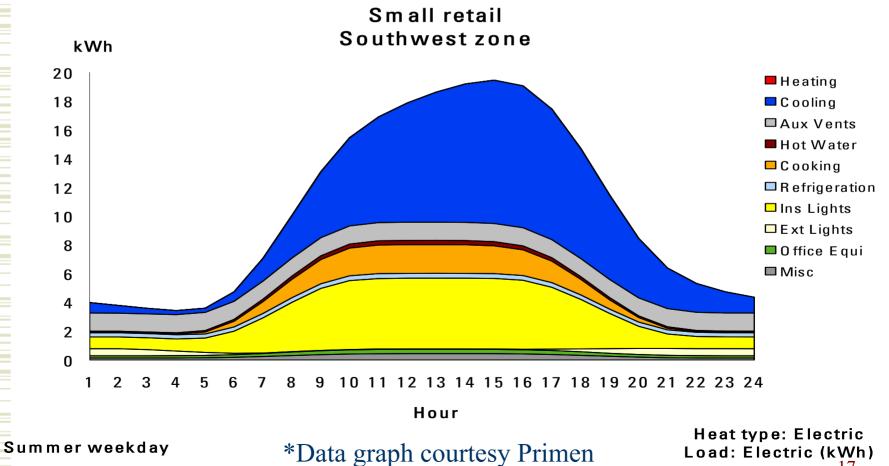


# AC load reduction at customer facility from Smart Thermostat



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#### Retail commercial end uses\*



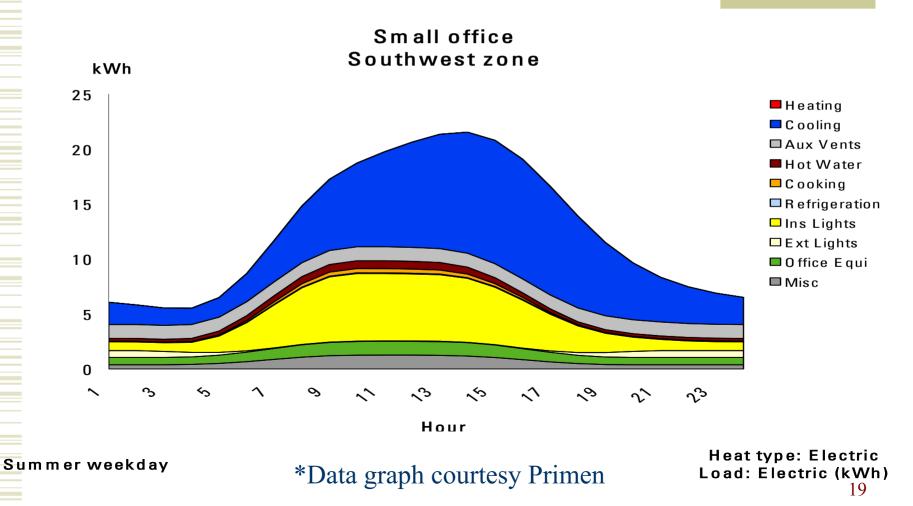
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What are the other Small Commercial "appliances"?

- (Al)most all commercial customers have packaged AC systems and overhead lighting
- Other end uses include office equipment, food prep or storage, water heaters, and businessspecific plug loads

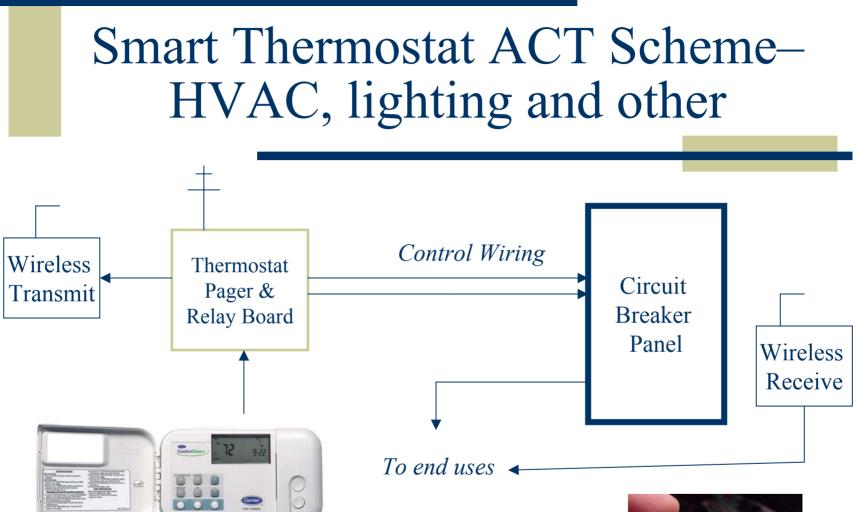


#### Office commercial end uses\*



SCE Proposed Implementation Approach for SPP-ACT

- Enroll Track A customers with "SPP-ACT ready" Smart Thermostats – CPP light and relay options
- Market Research assess commercial end uses in both AB970 & SPP inventory and "curtailability"
- Technology Assessment small test sample to identify and control "auxiliary loads" in Track A
- Program Implementation offer additional load control options for Track A, based on customer preferences and load options



#### Smart Thermostat Auxiliary Load Control



#### SCE Schedule for SPP-ACT

- Provided "ACT ready" Smart Thermostats to Track A participants, as requested (n = 30 so far)
- Receive go-forward approval with draft plan -June?
- Conduct market research and technology pilot in preparation of implementation (June - July)
- Offer the ACT options to SPP participants at least six months after program start (September)